EXHIBIT C

Outline 1994 N.Y.S.B.A. Practical Skills Course "Preparation of the Account and Filing the Accounting"

NEW YORK STATE BAR ASSOCIATION

PRACTICAL SKILLS COURSE

Preparation of the Account

and

Filing the Accounting*

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I. What a judicial accounting is

II. When a judicial accounting is necessary

- A. Compulsory
- B. Resignation of Executor or Trustee of testamentary trust (recent trend to allow informal accounting however)
- C. Discharge from fiduciary bond (but see SCPA 2203(4))
- D. When absolute discharge from liability is desired (but see SCPA 315(8) - informal accounting binding on nonparties by virtual representation)
- E. When informal accounting not practical or economical
- F. Where Court direction as to distribution of assets needed (Cy pres, e.g.)
- G. On Court's initiative

III. Alternatives to a Judicial Accounting

- A. Do nothing (but will can't effectively dispense with accounting, even though many try - against public policy)
- B. Informal Accounting filed in Court
- IV. Proper Time for an Accounting
 - A. Final Accountings
 - B. Intermediate Accountings
 - C. How to Deal with Contingent Liabilities

V. <u>Papers in an Accounting (other than Schedules of Account)</u>

- A. Petition
 - General information (names and addresses of accounting parties; date of death; dates of probate and letters; dispository provisions of Will; other relevant facts
 - 2. 7 months elapsed (estates)
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- 3. Provisions of instrument
- 4. Necessary parties (SCPA § 2210) (stress on estate accountings)
 - a. Specific legatees (if no receipt and release for legacy)
 - b. Outright residuary legatees; distributees (or their fiduciaries if deceased)
 - c. Trustees (and beneficiaries of trust, unless at least 1 Trustee (i) is not an accounting party, and (ii) has no conflict of interest)
 - d. Virtual representation
 - (i) General
 (ii) Lateral (SCPA 315(5); Uniform Rule
 207.18)
 - e. Creditors whose claims have not been paid
 - f. Attorney General (if charitable or unknown beneficiaries)
 - g. Infants (date of birth; with whom they reside; guardian)
 - h. Successor executor if accounting party no longer acting.
 - i. Addresses
 - j. Surety on bond, if any
- 5. Prayer for relief
 - a. Settle accounts
 - b. Attorneys fees
 - (i) Both paid and unpaid, if any fees shown as unpaid
 (ii) Where attorney sole fiduciary
 - (iii) <u>Matter of Weinstock</u>
 - (iv) Multiple attorneys
 - c. Order for service of citation by mail
 - d. Commissions
 - e. Compensation of deceased fiduciary

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- 6. Signature page and affirmation
- 7. Attach copy of Will as Exhibit
- 8. Statement of no other proceeding (exception compulsory Accounting)
- B. <u>Citation</u>
 - 1. Citees
 - Relief requested; should be practically verbatim with prayer for relief
 - Return date (no later than four months after issuance; when to fill in; order for mailing)
 - 4. Name, address and telephone number of Attorney
 - 5. "you are not required..." etc.
 - 6. Waiver; waiver and consent; appearance in proceeding
 - 7. Service
 - a. In New York
 - b. Outside New York
 - c. Outside U.S.
 - d. Admission of due and timely service
 - e. Publication
 - f. Proof of Service
 - g. Infants
 - a. over 14 (infant and parent or guardian SCPA 307(3)
 - b. under 14 (parent or guardian ibid.)
 - c. individual designated by court SCPA 311
 - h. Dispensation of Service under \$500 SCPA 2210(a) - rare
 - C. Affidavit of military service

VI. Schedules of Account

- A. Official Forms
 - 1. Estate with no trust
 - 2. Estate with trust
 - 3. Trust
- B Signatures required
 - 1. Summary statement (no notarization)
 - 2. Affidavit of Accounting Party (notarized)
- C. Cover Schedules
 - 1. Who is accounting
 - 2. Period covered
 - 3. Final or intermediate
 - 4. List (index of all schedules)
- D. Summary statement
- E. Schedule A (principal received)
 - Inventory value (D.O.D., even if alternate value used)
 - 2. Property subject to encumbrances
 - 3. Income accrued to date of death
 - 4. No real property (unless sold)
 - Generally received as of date of death ("Schedule of Additional Property Received")
 - 6. Not property passing outside of Will
 - a. Joint WROS
 - b. Totten Trust
 - c. Pension and insurance payable directly to beneficiary
 - d. Trust property
 - 7. Exempt property (EPTL § 5-3.1)

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- F. Schedule A-2 (income received)
 - 1. Format
 - 2. Stock dividends
 - 3. Periodicity of Receipts
 - 4. Exclude income accrued to date of death
- G. Schedules A-1 and B (increases and decreases on principal); Schedules A-3 and B-1 (increases on income)
 - 1. Different ways of realizing gains and losses
 - 2. Gains and losses based on inventory value
 - 3. No gain or loss transactions
 - 4. Revalue assets on hand for computing commissions
- H. Schedules C and C-2 (expenses paid from principal and income)
 - 1. Types of expenses
 - 2. Charges of expenses against principal and income
 - a. General
 - b. Trusts
 - i. Income charges [EPTL 11-2.1(1)(1)]
 - ii. Principal charges [EPTL 11-2.1(1)(4)]
 - iii. Half income and half principal charges
 [EPTL 11-2.1(1)(6)]

c. Estates

- i. Principal charges [EPTL § 11-2.1(d)(1)]
- ii. Exceptions and possible exceptions
 - aa. Taxes on ordinary income
 - bb. Interest on income taxes
 - cc. Some long term regularly recurring expenses
 - dd. Portion of Executors commissions

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- iii. Interest on estate tax refund
- I. Schedule C-1 (unpaid administration expenses)
 - 1. Principal and income expenses (generally)
 - 2. Commissions
 - 3. Legal Fees
 - 4. Accountants' Fees
 - 5. Effect of showing unpaid expenses alternatives
- J. Schedule D (Estates) (Statements of all creditors claims)
 - 1. Claims presented, allowed and paid
 - 2. Claims presented, allowed and not paid
 - 3. Claims presented but rejected
 - 4. Contingent and possible claims
 - 5. Personal claims requiring approval of court
 - 6. List all categories even if nothing to report
- K. Schedules E and E-1 (distribution of principal and income)
 - 1. Include estate taxes apportioned against individuals
- L. Schedule F (statement of new investments, exchanges and stock distributions)
 - 1. New "Prudent Investor" rule applies to investments made on or after 1/1/95 (EPTL 11-2.3)
 - 2. Higher standard for professional investor
- M. Schedules G and G-1 (principal and income on hand)
 - 1. General
 - 2. "As of payments"
 - 3. Refunds due
 - 4. Income assets other than cash
- N. Schedule H (statement of interested parties)

- 1. Necessary parties
- 2. Interested parties
- 3. Approximate value of interests
- 4. Search of records of court
- O. Schedule I (Estates) (estate taxes paid and allocation thereof)
 - 1. Final New York estate tax receipt or order of exemption from tax
 - 2. Tax clause in Will; EPTL § 2-1.8
 - a. Marital and charitable bequests
 - b. Apportionment within the residuary
 - (i) Residuary dispositions qualifying for marital and charitable deductions
 - (ii) Hybrid: initial tax payable out of charitable share, but not "snowball"
- P. Schedule J (computation of commissions)
 - 1. SCPA §§ 2307 (Executors)
 - 2. Receiving and paying
 - 3. Specific bequests
 - 4. Property pledged as collateral (Uniform Court Rule § 207.40)
 - 5. Property passing outside Will
 - Multiple fiduciaries (after 8/31/93, maximum of 2 commissions, unless Will provides otherwise)
 - 7. Deceased fiduciaries
 - 8. Payments on account
 - 9. Allocation between principal and income
- Q. Schedule K (other pertinent facts and cash reconciliation)
 - 1. Cash reconciliation
 - 2. Non-probate matters affecting estate

- 3. Income and principal allocation
 - a. Income on pecuniary bequests not in trust -EPTL 11-1.5(d)
 - b. Income on pecuniary distributions in trust -EPTL 11-2.1(c)(1)
 - c. Other bequests EPTL 11-2.1(d)(2)(B)
- 4. Warms adjustment (reimbursement to principal where expenses taken as income tax deductions)
- 5. Holloway adjustment (reimbursement to income for "principal-trap" distribution)
- 6. Marital deduction computation
- 7. Income attributable to underproductive property
- 8. Schedule of Proposed Distributions
- R. Accounting Affidavit
- VIII. Filing Papers in Court
 - A. Filing fees (based on total of Schs A, A-1 and A-2)
 - B. Bring eraser, pencil and pen, and extra copies of papers
- IX. Judicial proceedings
 - A. Return date ("...for decree")
 - B. Guardian ad litem ("... subject to guardian's report")
 - C. Attorney General
 - D Objections (within 8 days after account is marked for decree or within such further time as Court allows -Uniform Rule 207.41)
 - E. Affidavit Amending or Supplementing Account
 - F. Supplemental Account (if too much time has passed since closing date of original account 1 year rule of thumb)
 - G. Decree
 - 1. Papers filed and appearances

2. Status of Account

3. Decretal provisions

- H. Notice of Settlement
- I. Notice of Entry